



ANSP Challenges

INCREASED CAPACITY

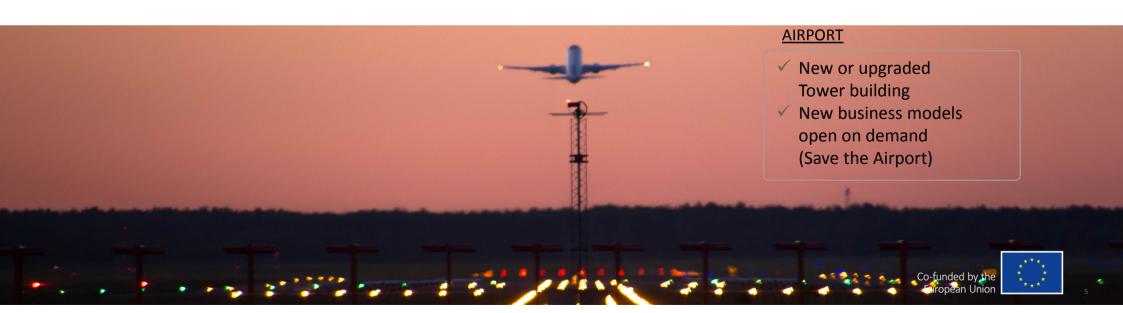
- ✓ Lack of ATCOs
- ✓ Low utilization of ATC staff
- ✓ Limited flexibility

INCREASED SAFETY

- ✓ Airport & RWY extensions
- ✓ RWY incursion, Airspace infringement, Drones
- ✓ Low vis and darkness

REDUCED COSTS

- ✓ LFV Competitive markets
- ✓ New or equipment upgrades
- ✓ EU and customers





OPTIMIZATION TODAY





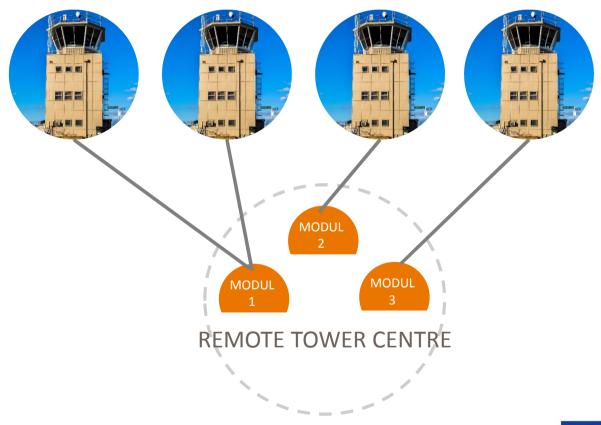






OPTIMIZATION TODAY

NEW OPTIMIZATION







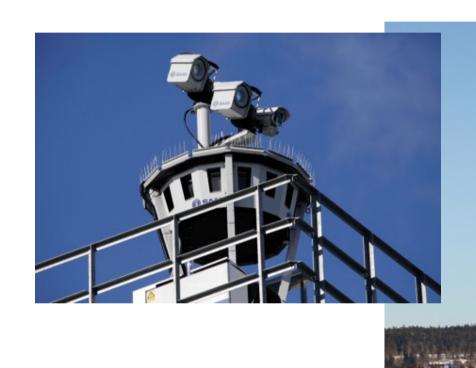
A new type of tower at the airport

LFV for ATC

- ✓ 14 cameras
- ✓ 2 zoom cameras
- ✓ 2 signal lights
- ✓ 2 microphones

LFV for AFIS

✓ Other Technical Specification







The System Components







Minimum 2 routes (IP Multicast)







Remote Tower Module – RTM







Visual Presentation - VP





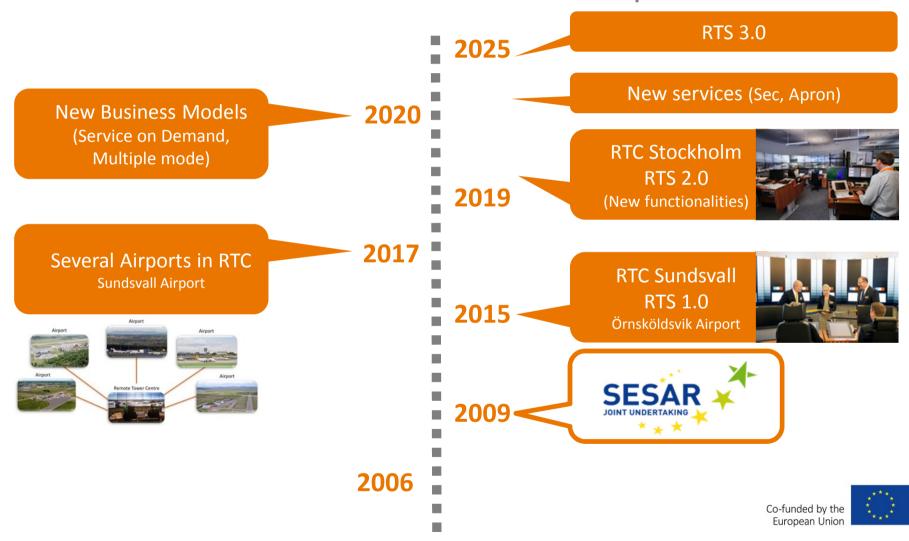
Controller Working Position – CWP







Remote Tower Services – the LFV plan







Strategies for realisation

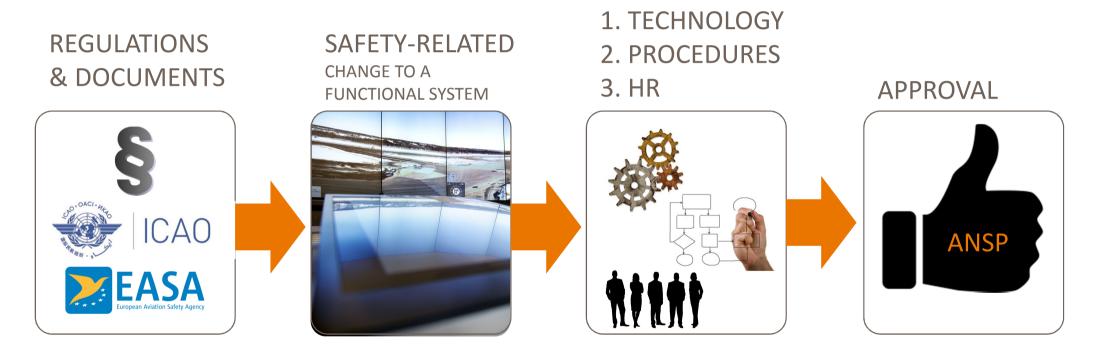
- ✓ Replication a conventional tower
- ✓ Functions non-replicable replaced with similar
- ✓ No extra functionality added

Keep it simple!





Realisation Change of a Functional System





✓ IMPORTANT MINDSET:

We shall provide the same service from a center with new technical tools.

✓ ATCOs can move easily between airports







- ✓ **Depth sight,** is a mental process that ATCO's learn in the new operational environment.
- ✓ Reduction of separation minima can be used according to doc 4444



- ✓ We can use most of our operational manuals.
- ✓ New modern integrated alarm system







- ✓ Every screen present an exact angle of the visual presentation regardless line of sight
- ✓ Other visual overlays can be introduced to give ATCO decision support.
- ✓ MET observations can be adopted.





What we learned

✓ Bring in operators (ATCOs) early in the process to have impact on the industrial design and create trust.

✓ Bring the Regulator onboard early.

✓ Use a step by step implementation and add features in the future. Start BASIC and have an operational concept.

✓ Do not mix a lot of different systems.
An Integrated System will reduced workload.

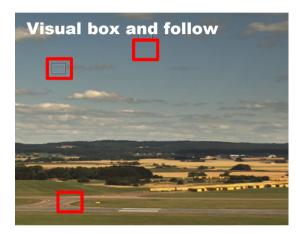


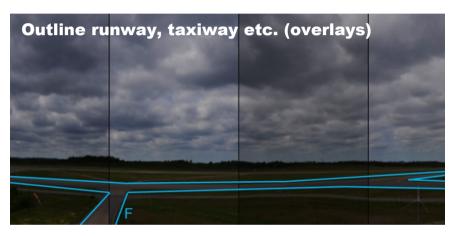


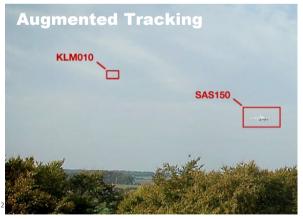


New Visual Presentation – Digital Possibilities









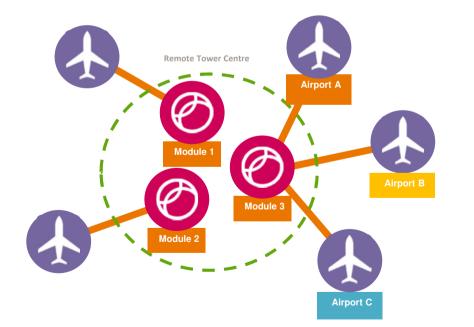






Multiple Airport Control











Rules, standards & regulations – state of play

✓ ICAO

- Amendments to Doc 4444 (PANS-ATM), fully enabling remote aerodrome ATS,
 in force since 8 November 2018.
- The amendments include, inter alia;
 - A new definition for 'visual surveillance system'.
 - A new chapter 7.1.1.2.1; "Visual observation shall be achieved through direct out-of-the-window observation, or through indirect observation utilizing a visual surveillance system which is specifically approved for the purpose by the appropriate ATS authority."
 - A reference to EASA Remote Tower Guidance Material, giving it global recognition.





Rules, standards & regulations – state of play

✓ EASA

- A rulemaking task was initiated 2014
- "Guidance Material on the implementation of the remote tower concept for single mode of operation" was published 2015.
- "Guidance Material on remote aerodrome ATS" Issue 2, to be published soon (Feb/March 2019).
 - Generic guidelines covering also more complex mode of operations and applicable to all sort of remote aerodrome ATS implementations, e.g; 'busier/larger airports', 'multiple mode of operation', 'contingency solutions') and the use of new technical enablers.





Rules, standards & regulations – state of play

✓ EUROCAE

- WG-100 "Remote and Virtual Towers" tasked to develop technical standards
- ED-240 published September 2016:
 - First 'Minimum Aviation System Performance Specification (MASPS) for Remote Tower Optical Systems'
 - Specifying the end-to-end performance of the optical (camera) system
 - Did not consider augmentation functions or other sensors (then cameras)
- ED-240A published October 2018:
 - Extension of ED-240 to include "visual target tracking" technologies
- To be followed by a further extension, ED-240**B** (anticipated late 2020):
 - Inclusion of "radar tracking/labels", i.e. information from non-optical surveillance systems/sensors overlaid in the visual presentation







To Conlude – way to success

- ✓ LFV Solution, R-ATS in a Remote Centre
- ✓ Today according to existing regulations
- ✓ Early consultation with the Regulator
- Early consultation with stakeholders, unions etc.
- ✓ One Integrated Technical System

DIGITAL PLATFORM CREATES POSSIBILITIES





SAAB AND LFV - A WIN-WIN SOLUTION

- Saab Digital Air Traffic Solutions AB
- The company will market, sell, develop and operate products and services for digital air traffic control
- The company provide innovative customised remote air traffic control by combining unique operational and technical excellence to benefit our customers and society
- A digital ANS provider for the future





